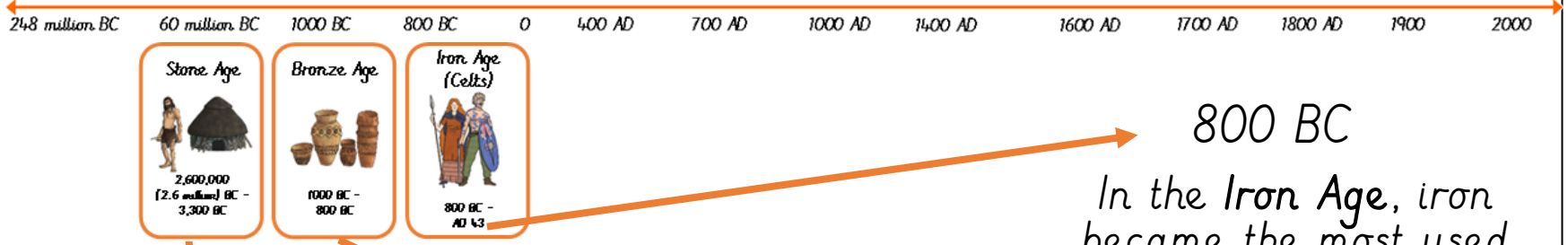
Stone Age to Iron Age

We can use timelines to track history in a chronological order.



2.6 million years ago

The **Stone Age** was called this as they used stone to make tools and weapons. In the Stone Age hunter-gatherers had to catch or collect everything they ate. They lived in caves until they learned how to make simple shelters.

1000 BC

In the **Bronze Age**, the metal bronze was the most used material. Bronze made strong farming tools like the **ard** and **coulter**. People learnt how to use **turf** on roofs and make **textiles** for clothing.



ard and coulter

800 BC

In the **Iron Age**, iron became the most used material. People lived in civilisations like the **Celts**, building settlements on hill-forts for protection.



Archaeologists find out information about the different ages by looking at artefacts.



They look at the continuity of events as well as what has changed over time.

Archaeologists are also able to use artefacts to look at the living standards during the different ages. This includes shelter, food, tools and weapons.

